

Nature, Technology and Society

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Our world is all about viruses. Has been and will be!







At least 20 livestock ships caught in Suez canal logjam

Concerns for animals' welfare if Ever Given blockage crisis is protracted



▲ Ships are anchored outside the Suez canal in Ain Shokhna, near Suez, Egypt, 26 March 2021. Photograph: Khaled Elfiqi/EPA

Climate change might add other challenges to crop protection









ENZA ZADEN - RESTRICTED USE AND DISTRIBUTION

Consequences of a new quarantine disease

- OPERATIONAL COST & COMPLEXITY INCRESASE across the value chain, from research, to seed production, and tomato producers and traders.
- SOCIAL STIGMA & ECONOMIC IMPACT due to TRADE DISRUPTION to growers.
- COST PRICE OF SEED INCREASES making it more difficult to produce for emerging markets with a low seed price.

Seed World Pro

Tomato Trade And Blockade: Ancillary Pieces

In 2019 the United States Department of Agriculture updated the import requirements for tomato and pepper seeds twice. This module provides a step-by-step overview of what happened and the implications for seed companies. This PRO content also walks you through how to understand the documents released, with annotated documents and comprehensive insights – learn to read and interpret these documents, just like our experts do.



VEGETABLE GROWERS NEWS

COVID-19 | BY REGION | VEGETABLES | LABOR | CROP PROTECTION | CROP MANAGEMENT | TECHNOLOGY



JUN 5, 202

APHIS restricts imports of tomato, pepper due to ToBRFV

🚊 USDA's Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service has amended Federal Order for U.S. Imports of

tomato (Solanum lycopersicum) and pepper (Capsicum spp.) hosts of Tomato brown rugose fruit virus (ToBRFV).

Effective June 5, 2020, after issuance of this Federal Order, the USDA's Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service (APHIS) is amending the restrictions for the importation of tomato (Solanum lycopersicum) and pepper (Capsicum spp.) hosts of Tomato brown rugose fruit virus (ToBRFV).

Specifically, APHIS is amending the import requirements for tomato and pepper fruit for consumption by adding restrictions for tomatoes and peppers from the Dominican Republic, France, and Spain. APHIS has detected ToBRFV in tomato fruit imported from the Dominican Republic, and received official reports of the disease in France and Spain.

Mexico adopts measures to prevent tomato virus from spreading

Mexico's agricultural authorities have established a series of actions to prevent the so-called rugose tomato virus from spreading in the country.

The National Health, Food Safety and Quality Service (Senasica), an agency of the Ministry of Agriculture and Rural Development (Sader), established phytosanitary measures, such as restricting the importation of seeds for experimental and research purposes, as well as modifying 233 kinds of combinations and requirements for the import of seeds, plants, seedlings, and cuttings of tomatoes, chili, and eggplant.

A global crop, a global threat



• virus presence

ToBRFV has spread fast globally.

Source: <u>https://gd.eppo.int/</u> Source: our world in data.

The tobamoviruses

- Genus Tobamovirus, family of Virgaviridae
 - Single stranded genomic RNA
- 6.3-6.6 kb genome size
- 37 species in tobamovirus group
- Consists of two groups
 - Tobamovirus group 1 Solanaceae
 - Tobamovirus group 2 Cucurbit viruses
- Tobamoviruses are very stable and can survive for long times







Source: Luria et al., 2017. PLOS ONE

Covid-19 as an example of rapid evolution and adaptation





Discovery of a new tomato virus

- September 2014: outbreak with a new virus in tomato in Israel
- Two diagnostic samples arrived for analysis in Enkhuizen
 - Saudi Arabia (Jan. 2015)
 - Jordan (June 2015)
- Looked like tomato or tobacco mosaic virus (ToMV / TMV) -> ToMV Elisa positive
- However, both virus isolates break ToMV / TMV resistance!
- Sequencing: tobamovirus with 80-85% identity with ToMV and TMV -> new virus!
- First described in a paper by Salem *et al.* in Nov. 2015: Tomato Brown Rugose Fruit Virus (ToBRFV)

ToBRFV: a new Tobamo virus found in 2014



Tobamovirus epidemiology

- Virus spreads:
- Seeds
- Water
 - Irrigation water
- Pollen
- Bumblebees
- Mechanically/Contact
 - Hands and tools
 - Tobacco/cigarettes
 - Fresh fruits/Tabasco (sauces)
- Co-infections with other viruses make symptoms worse and plants more susceptible
- Up to 100% yield loss

Virus is very contagious and spread by all kind of media.



Source: Plants 2020, 9, 623; doi:10.3390/plants9050623

Nature to the rescue: The quest for a resistance source

~800 wild Solanum accessions screened









Nature provides the solution: ToBRFV HR Resistance

- Found in a wild Tomato accession
- Single gene giving full dominant resistance (like Tm22)
- Introgression in cultivated tomato plants.
- Traditional breeding techniques.









Finding a needle in a haystack followed by hard work to get it in our lines

ToBRFV locus (enabling technology).



ONT Sequencing and assembly (Keygene).

- IsoSeq data for further refinement.
- Resistance source contains a region that is 68 kb larger than SL2.40.



Technology allows for fast introgression of the resistance in our varieties by MABC

- MABC commonly used pipeline at ENZA ZADEN when a new trait is discovered
- Fast introgression with help of molecular markers to quickly introgress a new trait in a (fi) elite parental line
- Basis is classic recurrent backcrossing
 - with the help of molecular markers the highest % recurrent parent (RP) is calculated/selected after each backcross (BC)





From viral detection (2014) to trialing resistant varieties (2020)

In our experiments, the tomato crops remained symptom-free and virus-free

- Resistant in lab test
- Resistant in field tests Jordan 2019-2020 and more recently in Mexico.
- After infection, no virus present in the plant (PCR)
- No symptoms

HR resistance can help eradicate the virus.







Together, in the fight against ToBRFV

Stay connected with us, and register at: www.enzazaden.com/keep-me-informed-ToBRFV



Europe:

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USA:

Regulatory landscape

Japan: Japan Determines Genome Edited Tomato Will Not be Regulated as GE

December 17, 2020 <u>Attaché Reports (GAIN)</u>

Euroseeds Embracing Nature around the world

Policy developments around the world (10/2020) Ongoing EU Commission stakeholder Europe: ECJ decision: all "new" consultation (Enza participation) mutagenesis are regulated "GMOs" Russia: decree for R&D program Norway: discussion of a "tiered" Canada: Product based clarifying that genome editing Study to be ready in April 2021 approach; ongoing discussions approach products are "conventional-like" UK: positive draft Ag bill, public to improve system **France:** the French Minister of consultation expected Agriculture regarding the products of China: unofficial "GMOlite" proposal new breeding techniques. He Taiwan: discussion of US: Final USDA revised biotechnology regulation options expresses his support to no longer Indonesia: growing exempts certain products; Israel: guidance that consensus to exempt Executive order on regulate them as GMO's on EU level. specific techniques certain gene editing appl. Modernizing Regulatory outside GMO scope Framework for Japan: excluding certain Biotechnology edited products India: draft guidelines, Kenya:first Nigeria: high level tiered approach, too draft positive Argentina, Chile, Brazil, Paraguay act final, draft excessive info. needs Colombia, Honduras, Guatemala: guidelines positive Philippines: excluding Case-by-case approach, excluding SA: first discussion non-transgenic products certain edited products started Further clarification on the Australia: Revised gene ositive Decision governmental requirements for NZ: High Court decision tech regulation excludes No formal Decision, but positive Direction that a few specific Discussion started, direction unclear some gene editing commercialisation of GE products techniques are GMOs **Restrictive Decision** applications